

# Health Profession Agreement

## Optometry Board of Australia

and

The Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency

2016-20

### Health Profession Agreement

### **Preamble**

The purpose of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (**the National Law**), as in force in each state and territory, is to establish the National Registration and Accreditation Scheme (**the National Scheme**). The National Scheme has six key objectives set out in s.3(2) of the National Law. In summary, the objectives are to:

- protect public safety,
- facilitate workforce mobility for health practitioners,
- facilitate high-quality education and training of health practitioners,
- facilitate assessment of overseas-trained health practitioners,
- · facilitate access to health services, and
- development of a flexible, responsive and sustainable health workforce.

Fifteen National Boards and the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (**AHPRA**) work in partnership to achieve these objectives, with different and complementary functions.

The HPA is a statutory instrument. The National Board and AHPRA are required to negotiate in good faith and attempt to come to an agreement on the terms of the HPA. Although the National Board does not have the power to enter into contracts generally (as provided for in s.32(2)(a)), the National Law clearly intends that the National Board can agree and enter into an HPA with AHPRA. Furthermore, the National Board and AHPRA are each a separate body corporate, capable of reaching agreements between themselves.

The following schedules to this HPA record AHPRA and the National Board's agreement on these matters: fees (Schedule 3); the National Board's annual budget (Schedule 4); and the services AHPRA is to provide (Schedule 1).

The National Law also requires each National Board to publish on its website the fees agreed to in this HPA.

### **Accountabilities**

### **Ministerial Council**

Ultimate accountability to the public for the performance of the National Scheme rests with the parliaments of participating jurisdictions, through the Australian Health Workforce Ministerial Council (the Ministerial Council). The Ministerial Council appoints AHPRA's Agency Management Committee and National Boards, and formally holds these bodies to account.

### **National Boards**

A National Board is a body corporate with perpetual succession, has a common seal, and may sue and be sued in its corporate name. A National Board does not have power to enter into contracts, or employ staff, or acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with, real property.

The principal regulatory decision-makers in the National Scheme are the National Boards and their committees, including, where relevant, State and Territory or Regional Boards. AHPRA undertakes delegated functions on behalf of the National Boards and provides services to the National Boards. National Boards are accountable to the community through the mechanism of the Ministerial Council and parliamentary reporting for the quality of their regulatory decisions, and through the court system and relevant administrative review bodies for the legality of their regulatory decisions. While National Boards can propose regulatory procedures, they do not establish or administer them. National Boards have specific 'oversight' roles in relation to the assessment of overseas qualifications, monitoring of practitioners and the receipt, assessment and investigation of notifications. Without the power to employ staff or enter into contracts, National Boards must rely on the services provided, or contracted, by AHPRA. The mechanism for National Boards to hold AHPRA to account is through this Health Profession Agreement. The Health Profession Agreement includes performance indicators to support the performance of National Boards' oversight functions.

### **AHPRA**

AHPRA is a body corporate with perpetual succession, has a common seal, and may sue and be sued in its corporate name. AHPRA has all the powers of an individual and in particular, may enter into contracts, or employ staff, or acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with, real and personal property, and do anything necessary or convenient to be done in the exercise of its functions.

AHPRA's Agency Management Committee directs and controls the affairs of AHPRA, and sets its policy directions. The Agency Management Committee is accountable for the performance of AHPRA's functions, which include the establishment of regulatory procedures, financial management and administration of the Scheme. AHPRA is solely responsible for administering the Agency Fund, which has an account for each National Board. Payments out of a National Board's account may be made only if the payment is in accordance with the National Board's budget, as agreed as part of this Health Profession Agreement, or otherwise approved by the National Board. To enable it to perform the executive functions within the Scheme, AHPRA has powers to employ staff and enter into contracts. AHPRA provides administrative assistance and support to National Boards and their committees to exercise their functions.

AHPRA and the National Board can be described as governance partners in the Scheme. This is largely because AHPRA relies on National Boards to perform their functions consistent with the National Law objectives and in line with procedures established by AHPRA for ensuring effective and efficient operation of National Boards and to comply with procedures for development of professional standards that are in accordance with good regulatory practice.

The Agency Management Committee is accountable for ensuring that the corporate functions that are essential to any contemporary regulatory organisation are in place. This means that corporate services, including human resources, business planning, financial management and facilities management, are generally not specified in the services AHPRA is to provide (Schedule 1) except where the service deliverable is provided directly to the National Boards.

### **Purpose of this Agreement**

The purpose of a Health Profession Agreement (**HPA**) is described in s.26(1) of the National Law, which provides that AHPRA must enter into a HPA with a National Board that makes provision for:

- fees payable by health practitioners and others in relation to the health profession for which the National Board is established,
- the National Board's annual budget.
- the services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions.

This HPA outlines agreement between the National Board and AHPRA on their general approach to performing their reciprocal obligations to ensure a common understanding and that the National Scheme operates with regard to its objectives and guiding principles.

### **Scope of this Agreement**

This Agreement is for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2020.

The National Board agrees to authorise the Chair of the Board (or his/her nominee) to act as liaison officer with respect to the Agreement. AHPRA agrees to authorise the Executive Director, Strategy and Policy to act as liaison officer with respect to the Agreement.

### Partnership principles

To achieve the objectives of the National Law through different and complementary functions, the National Board and AHPRA understand that a sustainable partnership is essential.

This understanding is supported by a set of core partnership principles (the Partnership Principles). The National Board and AHPRA will ensure that these Partnership Principles underpin all our work. While differences in context may require different approaches, both parties will ensure that their respective activities respect these four Partnership Principles:

- Shared vision and values
- Integrity through interdependence
- Transparency and mutual accountability
- Commitment to joint learning

In particular, the National Board will do everything it can to make its requirements clear, and AHPRA will do everything it can to provide the services required by the National Board to perform its functions.

Each of the Partnership Principles is described in detail below.

### 1. Shared vision and values

This partnership between the National Board and AHPRA is built on a shared vision for a competent and flexible health workforce that meets the needs of the Australian community.

While recognising and respecting the different and complementary functions of the National Board and AHPRA, there must be common ground in the approach the National Board and AHPRA take to implementing the National Scheme. The National Board and AHPRA share a commitment to the objectives and guiding principles of the National Scheme and the eight regulatory principles (**Regulatory Principles**) that will shape our thinking about regulatory decision-making.

In our shared principles, we balance all the objectives of the National Scheme, but our primary consideration is to protect the public in accordance with good regulatory practice.

The Regulatory Principles incorporate the concept of risk-based regulation. This means that in all areas of our work we:

- identify the risks that we are obliged to respond to.
- assess the likelihood and possible consequences of the risks, and
- respond in ways that are proportionate and manage risks so we can adequately protect the public.

In recognising our different and complementary functions, the National Board and AHPRA have agreed on an accountability framework for the National Scheme (the Accountability Framework).

The Accountability Framework recognises that all entities in the National Scheme are ultimately accountable to the Australian public through the Australian Health Workforce Ministerial Council (the Ministerial Council).

One of the recognised features of the National Scheme is that our structure provides for governance and accountability across the entities in the National Scheme for their performance. The effective delivery of professional regulation relies on strong partnerships between entities based on clear and agreed roles and functions. Our Accountability Framework is designed to articulate a shared understanding regarding who is accountable for what within the National Scheme and aims to provide clarity about the distinct and complementary roles of the different entities, and their respective duties and obligations.

### 2. Integrity through interdependence

In exercising our different and complementary functions, the National Board and AHPRA will strive for mutual respect and to promote the integrity of the National Scheme. We are aware we have interdependent and complementary functions. The National Board and AHPRA will work to manage any tensions that arise through our consultation processes and the Accountability Framework.

We will each take responsibility for clearly communicating our positions to each other. We are each open to being challenged by the other, and we will each create opportunities for dialogue and debate around our respective approach, results and impact. While the National Board and AHPRA are each independent entities, we recognise that neither can meaningfully exist outside of the context of the relationship defined by the National Law. We agree to respect the other's functions as set out in the National Law.

For example, AHPRA acknowledges its obligation to consult the National Board when developing procedures for the operation of the National Board, and will endeavour to incorporate the National Board's feedback into those procedures. The National Board respects that AHPRA must endeavour to establish common procedures that apply to all National Boards and undertakes to comply with those procedures once finalised.

The National Board and AHPRA also have complementary duties in relation to financial management. AHPRA is accountable for the management of the Agency Fund and for ensuring that all expenditure from the National Board's account is consistent with the National Law, in accordance with the Board's annual budget (or with the approval of the National Board if a change to the agreed budget), and as far as possible represents reasonable value for money. Accountability for expenditure rests with the AHPRA financial delegate who approves that expenditure, including payments to enable the National Board to exercise its functions. The National Board respects this role and undertakes to support AHPRA in fulfilling this role and its obligations under the National Law generally.

### 3. Transparency and mutual accountability

The Health Profession Agreement is the formal mechanism by which we hold each other to account, in accordance with the National Law and the Accountability Framework. It incorporates a transparent reporting framework to ensure that reciprocal obligations can be monitored.

The Agency Management Committee is formally accountable for AHPRA's performance of its functions. The National Board relies on AHPRA to deliver services to it in order for it to carry out its functions. In turn AHPRA relies on National Boards to perform their functions consistent with the National Law objectives and in line with procedures established by AHPRA for ensuring effective and efficient operation of National Boards and procedures for development of professional standards that are in accordance with good regulatory practice.

Schedule 1 to this HPA outlines the services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions. It also includes information about AHPRA's performance of its own statutory functions. Schedule 1 also includes profession-specific services and any discretionary services the National Board may request of AHPRA.

In addition, the Agreement supports the National Board to fulfil its specific oversight functions in respect of:

- the assessment of overseas trained registration applicants who do not hold approved qualifications
- the assessment and investigation of matters about persons who—
  - are or were registered health practitioners, or
  - are students in the health profession,
- the management of registered health practitioners and students in the health profession, including monitoring conditions, undertaking and suspensions imposed on the registration of the practitioners or students.

In order to exercise these functions, the National Board must be given the opportunity to review timely information regarding relevant activities undertaken by AHPRA and the National Boards' delegates, to raise questions and concerns and to suggest actions to remediate problems. AHPRA undertakes to ensure that performance reports will be provided to the National Board to fulfil these oversight functions; in particular these reports will include details of the timeliness, cost and quality of regulatory procedures and services AHPRA provides to the National Board. The performance reports AHPRA will provide, and the performance indicators underpinning them, are set out in Schedule 5 to this HPA.

### 4. Commitment to joint learning

The National Board and AHPRA agree to promote continuous and systematic learning regarding the National Scheme. We will evaluate the outcomes of business and regulatory processes and use data generated by the National Scheme to better understand the risks we manage and the effectiveness of our actions.

Our learning agenda will explore both partnership processes and outcomes. We will take an evaluative approach to regulation that uses data to identify risks and measure our effectiveness in managing them. The National Board and AHPRA both have an interest in understanding the factors, including ways of working, which are the hallmarks of successful partnerships. We will work together to ensure that joint learning is used regularly to adjust our future strategy and plans as we strive for increased efficiency and effectiveness of the National Scheme.

The National Board and AHPRA are committed to the efficient management and continuous improvement of their respective functions.

### **Dispute resolution**

The National Law provides that any failure to reach agreement between National Boards and AHPRA on matters relating the HPA is to be referred to the Ministerial Council for resolution.

The National Board and AHPRA have a commitment to resolve problems or disputes promptly. However, if a dispute arises regarding this HPA, as partners we will use our best endeavours to resolve the dispute fairly and promptly.

If the dispute cannot be resolved, the matter will be referred to the AHPRA Chief Executive Officer and the Chair of the National Board. If the dispute still cannot be resolved, it will be referred to the Chair of AHPRA's Agency Management Committee and the Chair of the National Board.

Either the Chair of AHPRA's Agency Management Committee or the Chair of the National Board may request the appointment of an independent, accredited mediator at any stage in the process.

If we are still unable to agree on the matter, we will seek direction from the Ministerial Council about how the dispute to be resolved.

### **Review**

The National Board and AHPRA agree to review this HPA on an annual basis.

### **Schedules**

Schedule 1: Summary of Services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to

enable the National Board to carry out its functions

Schedule 2: Summary of National Scheme Strategy, implementation map, and National

Board's regulatory plan

Schedule 3: Fees payable by health practitioners

Schedule 4: Summary of National Board's annual budget

Schedule 5: Performance management framework

### This Agreement is made between

### **Optometry Board of Australia**

and

### The Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA)

Signed for and on behalf of AHPRA by:

Signed for and on behalf of the Optometry Board of Australia by:

Signature of Chief Executive Officer Mr Martin Fletcher

Signature of the Board Chair Mr Ian Bluntish

Date

2-9-20/6

Date

# Schedule 1: Summary of services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions

### 1. Regulatory services, procedures and processes

1.1	Registrations	
Core		Profession specific
1.1.1	Develop, implement and regularly review nationally consistent procedures for the registration of health practitioners	Profession-specific services, as listed in the
1.1.2	Manage practitioner registration, renewal and audit	National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
1.1.3	Maintain a public register of health practitioners	
1.1.4	Maintain a register of health practitioner students	
1.1.5	Promote online registration services to health practitioners	
1.1.6	Operation of examinations (if required) is agreed between AHPRA and the National Board	

### 1.2 Notifications

Core		Profession specific
1.2.1	Develop, implement and regularly review nationally consistent procedures to receive and deal with notifications against persons who are or were registered health practitioners and students	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
1.2.2	Manage the end to end notification process	
1.2.3	Establish and maintain relationships with co-regulatory authorities.	

### 1.3 Compliance

Core		Profession specific
1.3.1	Develop compliance policy, process and systems	Profession-specific services, as listed in the
1.3.2	Manage practitioners with registration restrictions, suspension or cancellation	National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
1.3.3	Oversee the ongoing development and reporting of performance measures for monitoring of practitioners compliance	

### 1.4 Legal services

Core		Profession specific
1.4.1	Provide legal advice to support effective and lawful registration and notifications procedures, and hearing panels processes	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
1.4.2	Provide oversight for all Tribunal matters involving AHPRA and the National Boards	

### 2. Governance and secretariat

### 2.1 Governance

Core		Profession specific
2.1.1	Develop and administer procedures to support effective and efficient National Board and committee operations	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
2.1.2	Provide National Board member orientation, induction and professional development	
2.1.3	Support working relationships with relevant committees	

### 2.2 Secretariat

	Goordana	
Core		Profession specific
2.2.1	Provide secretariat and administrative support for National Board Meetings	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
2.2.2	Provide secretariat and administrative support for National Board committee meetings	
2.2.3	Provide panel hearing secretariat support	
2.2.4	Secretariat and policy support for governance forums, including the Forum of Chairs and its sub-committees	

### 3. Communication and engagement

### 3.1 Communication

Core		Profession specific
3.1.1	Develop, implement and review communication strategies, tools and guidelines	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
3.1.2	Develop and release National Board communiqués	
3.1.3	Review and release National Board media releases	
3.1.4	Develop and maintain National Board website and resources	
3.1.5	Coordinate and manage the production of the AHPRA annual report and other publications	
3.1.6	Provide communications support for crisis and issue management	
3.1.7	Develop and produce National Board newsletters and news updates	
3.1.8	Develop Branding for National Board and AHPRA Communication	
3.1.9	Report on relevant media coverage	
3.1.10	Manage social media	

### 3.2 Engagement

Core		Profession specific
3.2.1	Engage with external stakeholders	Profession-specific - services, as listed in the National Board's - regulatory plan and annual budget.
3.2.2	Manage intergovernmental relations	
3.2.3	Undertake consultation to support cross-profession strategies and guidelines	
3.2.4	Engage with external advisory groups	
3.2.5	Monitor stakeholder engagement activities	

### 4. Planning and reporting

### 4.1 **Planning** Core **Profession specific** Profession-specific 4.1.1 Inform and support the NRAS Strategy services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory 4.1.2 Develop and implement AHPRA business plan plan and annual budget. 4.1.3 Develop and implement National Board regulatory plan 4.1.4 HPA engagement and development

4.2	Reporting	
Core		Profession specific
4.2.1	Develop and report on outcomes related to National Boards' regulatory functions and AHPRA's administrative assistance and support to National Boards and the Boards' committees, in exercising their functions.	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
4.2.2	Establish corporate audit and compliance monitoring and reporting	
4.2.3	Fulfil annual reporting requirements	

### 5. Policy and accreditation

profession regulatory policy

and evaluation

5.1.3

5.1.4

# Core Profession specific 5.1.1 Maintain procedures for the development of registration standards, codes and guidelines Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.

Assist National Boards to develop, review and implement cross-

Provides tools to support regulatory policy development, review

5.2	Accreditation	
Core		Profession specific
5.2.1	Support National Boards to oversight effective delivery of accreditation functions	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
5.2.2	Supporting accreditation committees to deliver the accreditation functions, where applicable	
5.2.3	Maintain procedures for the development of accreditation standards	

### 6. Data, research and analysis

### 6.1 Evidence acquisition

Core		Profession specific
6.1.1	Assist National Boards to define and articulate regulatory evidence requirements	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
6.1.2	Provide advice to National Boards about proposed research and analytical projects	
6.1.3	Provide descriptive statistics for all professions	
6.1.4	Undertake cross-profession regulatory risk analyses	
6.1.5	Monitor and research cross-profession regulatory policy and trends	
6.1.6	Develop and implement robust regulatory evaluation methodologies	
6.1.7	Liaise with external stakeholders regarding the annual Health Workforce Survey questionnaires	
6.1.8	Broker and maintain formal strategic data and research partnerships with external organisations	

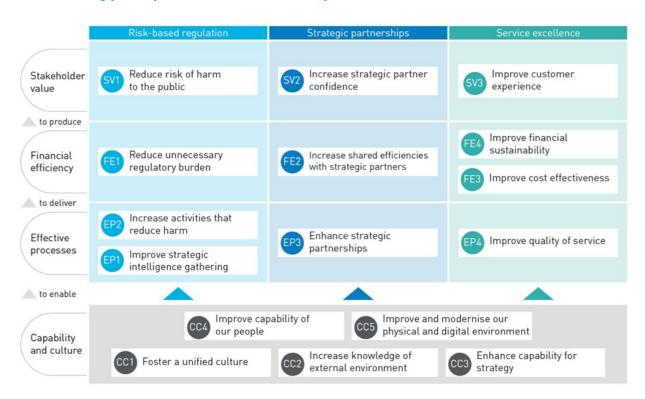
### 6.2 Data governance and organisational capacity

Core		Profession specific
6.2.1	Develop, implement and manage governance process and procedures for data access, release and exchange	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory plan and annual budget.
6.2.2	Develop and maintain core statistical infrastructure to support internal and external research and analyses	
6.2.3	Provide tools and training to support evidence informed regulatory policy development	
6.2.4	Develop organisational infrastructure for delivering regulatory research	

# Schedule 2: Summary of National Scheme Strategy, implementation map, and National Board's regulatory plan



### Strategy implementation map



NRAS Strategic Theme	Aligned NRAS Strategic Objective/s	Aligned Board Specific Objectives	Priority Initiatives for 2019-20
Risk Based Regulation	Reduce risk of harm to the public  Improve strategic intelligence gathering	Increase Board understanding of changing nature/scopes of practice and develop regulatory responses to reduce risk of harm to the public	Emerging Scopes of Practice
Risk Based Regulation	Reduce risk of harm to the public Reduce unnecessary regulatory burden	Increase evidence informed regulation of optometrists to reduce risk of harm to the public and reduce unnecessary regulatory burden.	2. CPD Focus Group
Risk Based Regulation	Reduce risk of harm to the public	High quality risk-based decision making about matters relating to optometrists	CPD Self-Assessment Tool
Risk Based Regulation	Reduce risk of harm to the public	High quality risk-based decision making about matters relating to optometrists	Return to Practice Explanatory Materials
Risk Based Regulation	Reduce risk of harm to the public  Increase knowledge of external environment  Enhance strategic partnerships	Increase Board understanding of changing nature/scopes of practice and develop regulatory responses to reduce risk of harm to the public	5. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Initiative Scoping
Strategic Partnerships	Enhance strategic partnerships  Increase strategic partner confidence	Develop and maintain strong effective relationships with key stakeholder to maintain confidence in the Board's role in health practitioner regulation	6. Review Communications Strategy

### Schedule 3: Fees payable by health practitioners

Note

1

### **Optometry Board of Australia**

Application fee for general registration

Application fee for limited registration

Application fee for non-practising registration

Application fee for fast track application

Registration fee for general registration

Registration fee for limited registration

Late renewal fee for limited registration

Replacement registration certificate

Extract from the register

in the public interest)

Registration Status)

Application fee for endorsement of registration

Registration fee for non-practising registration

Late renewal fee for general registration

Late renewal fee for non-practising registration

Copy of the register (if application is assessed as

Verification of registration status (Certificate of

Registration type

### National Fee

5

3

3

2018-19 Change

200

200

100

100

60

300

300

100

30

30

20

10

50

2.000

5

# 2019-20 205 205 205 103 103 60 308 308 103 30 5 20 10 2,000 50

### NSW Fee

NOW 1 CC								
	2018-19			2019-20		Change	Change	NSW Rebate /
Board	Council	Total	Board	Council	Total	Board	Council	(Surcharge)
200		200	205		205			
200		200	205		205			
100		100	103		103			
100		100	103		103			
60		60	60		60			
180	120	300	185	123	308	5	3	-
180	120	300	185	123	308	5	3	-
71	29	100	73	30	103	2	1	-
30		30	30		30			
30		30	30		30			
5		5	5		5			
20		20	20		20			
10		10	10		10			
2,000		2,000	2,000		2,000			
50		50	50		50			

Note 1: These fees are consistent across all professions and remain unaffected by annual indexation increase

### Schedule 4: Summary of National Board's annual budget

### **Optometry Board of Australia**

Income and expenditure budget and notes.

### Summary budget 2019/20

Item	\$
Income	
Registration (see note 1)	1,531,700
Application	73,760
Interest	68,270
Late fees and fast track fees	3,400
Other	1,000
Total income	1,678,130
Expenses	
Board and committee (see note 2)	546,059
Legal, tribunal costs and expert advice (see note 3)	58,400
Accreditation (see note 4)	323,060
Office of the Health Ombudsman (Queensland)	810
Other direct expenditure (see note 5)	316,170
Indirect expenditure (see note 6)	910,022
Total expenses	2,154,521
Net result (Deficit)	(476,391)

### **Budget notes**

Number of registrants invited to renew at next renewal period: 5,845 Lapse rate of renewals:	
committees, which have the delegated authority to make decisions abindividual registered health practitioners.  Costs include sitting fees, travel and accommodation while attending for the Board.  3. Legal, tribunal costs, and expert advice  These costs are incurred in the management of complaints against properties (notifications), statutory offences and registration matters. The costs of include the significant Board and committee costs, including sitting feet to notifications. These are included in "2" above.  Also not included are the material staff costs in each state and territor relating directly to notifications. These are included in "indirect expendible."  Accreditation  Accreditation expenses include the costs of funding provided to the O Council of Australia and New Zealand for accreditation functions and projects.  5. Other direct expenditure  Costs associated with the Board's work on registration standards, poliguidelines.  This includes the following activities:  costs involved in consultation with the community and the profession engagement of consultants necessary to support the Board's work publication of material to guide the profession, such as the Board's new	6
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engagement of consultants necessary to support the Board's work publication of material to guide the profession, such as the Board's nev	
policy development and projects.	wsletter
6. Indirect expenditure  The proportion of AHPRA's business as usual costs allocated to the E as indirect costs is 0.491%. The percentage allocation for the Board in 2018/19 was 0.495%.	
In addition, indirect costs include a one-off cost of implementing a mainformation systems replacement program. The project is ongoing and should be completed in FY 2019-20.	
Indirect costs are shared by the National Boards based on an agreed formula. The percentage is based on an analysis of historical and fina data to estimate the proportion of costs required to regulate the profess Costs include salaries, systems and communication, property and administration costs.	ncial
AHPRA supports the work of the National Boards and committees by employing all staff and providing systems and infrastructure to manag regulatory (registration, notifications, compliance, accreditation and professional standards) and support services in eight state and territo offices.	ge core
The 2019/20 AHPRA business plan sets out AHPRA's objectives for 2019/20 and how they will be achieved.	

### Schedule 5: Performance management framework

### Volume and trend data reports

National Boards will receive quarterly AHPRA performance report and volume and trend reports in accordance with the Performance Reporting Framework. The Performance Reporting Framework will be reviewed in 2019/20.