

**Physiotherapy Board of Australia** 

## GUIDELINES: CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

1 December 2015



## 1. Who needs to use these guidelines?

These guidelines apply to all physiotherapists, excluding students or physiotherapists who have non-practising registration.

### 2. Summary

The Physiotherapy Board of Australia's *Continuing* professional development registration standard requires all physiotherapists practising in Australia to maintain a portfolio that documents their participation in continuing professional development (CPD) and is a record of learning aims and reflection of impact on practice.

The CPD activity must contribute to both maintaining and improving your competence in your chosen scope of practice.

A minimum of 20 hours of CPD must be completed annually. You need to make a declaration of your CPD activity to the Board as evidence that you meet the requirements of the CPD standard.

The Board's approach acknowledges that CPD is an interactive process by which health professionals can maintain, enhance and extend their knowledge, expertise and competence throughout their careers.

### 3. Board monitoring of CPD

Your compliance with the CPD standard may be audited from time to time. You should maintain records of your CPD activity for four years in case you are audited.

## 4. Continuing professional development (CPD)

CPD is the maintenance, enhancement and extension of the knowledge, expertise and competence of health professionals throughout their careers. It is important to recognise that people learn in many and different ways and CPD may include formal and non-formal learning activities.

## 5. The importance of CPD

Consumers have the right to expect that physiotherapists providing regulated health services do so in a competent and contemporary manner. CPD can improve competence and result in better outcomes for patients or clients. CPD is important in the continued provision of safe and effective services by health professionals.

## 6. CPD learning activities

All learning activities which help you maintain competence will be accepted as CPD. Learning occurs through a wide variety of formal and non-formal activities. Examples of these are as follows:

#### 6.1 Formal learning activities

- Tertiary courses
- Accredited courses
- Work-based learning contracts
- Conferences, forums and seminars
- Undertaking research and presentation of work
- Courses leading to degree, higher degree and research degree
- Online learning (interactive discussion and chat rooms)
- In-service education programs
- Making presentations
- Videoconferencing.

#### 6.2 Non-formal and incidental learning activities

- Reflecting on experience in day-to-day activities
- Reading books, journals, etc.
- Secondment and/or contact with other professionals
- Quality assurance activities, such as accreditation
- Participation in committees
- Information sharing at meetings
- Discussion with colleagues
- Internet research.



### 7. The best way to learn

You will learn best when you are motivated and your CPD:

- is highly self-directed you are responsible for deciding what CPD activities you want to do
- is based on a personal learning plan and your individual learning needs
- builds on existing knowledge and experience
- links learning and practice
- includes evaluation of the effect of learning on practice
- involves review of the learning plan in response to personal experience, and
- includes mentor or peer review.

### 8. Recording CPD

It is a requirement of the registration standard that you use a personal portfolio to record your CPD. A portfolio should include:

- a personal collection of evidence of ongoing development
- a record of learning aims and reflection and evaluation of non-formal and incidental learning, and
- a record of attendance at formal learning activities.

A portfolio template is available from the Board website at <a href="https://www.physiotherapyboard.gov.au">www.physiotherapyboard.gov.au</a> (See also Appendix 1: Continuing professional development portfolio).

If you are required to provide the Board with evidence of the CPD activities, your personal portfolio will help demonstrate that you have met CPD requirements.

Many professional associations and workplaces provide members/employees with a personal portfolio to plan, record and evaluate CPD activities systematically. You can use any portfolio which meets the above criteria.

## 9. Required CPD

Your individual learning requirements will differ according to factors such as your learning style, area of practice, length and breadth of postgraduate experience and job or workplace issues. You are therefore encouraged to determine your own learning needs through goal setting and reflection.

The Board requires physiotherapists to complete a minimum of 20 hours of CPD each year. If you register partway through the year, you will be required to complete five hours per three-month registration period.

#### 10. CPD records

When conducting a CPD audit, the Board may request documentation of CPD activity. However, it is in your interest to retain records for longer than five years, given their value as evidence of appropriate professional behaviour.

## 11. Action by the Board

The Board expects that all physiotherapists will be able to meet the requirements of its CPD standard. However, if the Board finds, though declaration or audit, that a physiotherapist does not meet the CPD requirement, it will take appropriate action, which may include:

- a requirement to undertake further CPD or supervised practice
- the imposition of conditions on registration, and/or
- disciplinary action.

### 12. Authority

These guidelines have been developed by the Physiotherapy Board of Australia under section 39 of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law, as in force in each state and territory (the National Law). Under section 41 of the National Law, guidelines are admissible in proceedings under the National Law as evidence of what constitutes professional conduct or practice for physiotherapy.



#### 13. Definitions

**Continuing professional development** is the means by which members of the profession maintain, improve and broaden their knowledge, expertise and competence, and develop the personal and professional qualities required throughout their professional lives.

Practice means any role, whether remunerated or not, in which the individual uses their skills and knowledge as a health practitioner in their profession. For the purposes of these guidelines, practice is not restricted to the provision of direct clinical care. It also includes working in a direct non-clinical relationship with clients; working in management, administration, education, research, advisory, regulatory or policy development roles; and any other roles that impact on safe, effective delivery of services in the profession and/or use their professional skills.

**Professional development activities** means participation in formal learning activities, such as attendance at courses or conferences, as well as non-formal learning gained through experience and interaction with colleagues.

Reflection of learning on practice includes the planning of professional development, goal setting and reflection on possible changes to practice as a result of learning.

### 14. Appendices

Appendix 1: Continuing professional development portfolio

Appendix 2: Sample completed CPD portfolio

#### 15. Review

Last reviewed: 1 December 2015

Date of review: This guideline will be reviewed at

least every five years



## Appendix 1: Continuing professional development portfolio

## Continuing professional development (CPD)

CPD is a requirement of registration in Australia. Every year when you renew your registration, you will be required to sign a declaration stating that you have met the Physiotherapy Board of Australia's CPD requirements. This portfolio provides one example of how to record your professional development plan and activities to meet the Board's requirements. All your CPD, including that not directly related to your goals, should be recorded. A minimum of 20 hours of CPD is required annually.

## Reflection and impact on practice

Reflection and reflective practice is considered an important component of professional competence. Reflective practice includes the planning of professional development, goal setting and reflection on possible changes to practice as a result of learning.

Name	
Registration period	
Relationship of professional development plan to current or future chosen scope of practice	

## Development plan

Goals	Outcomes



## Formal learning activities

Date	Activity	Time	Provider	Reflection



## Non-formal and incidental activities

Date	Activity	Time	Provider	Reflection



## Appendix 2: Sample continuing professional development portfolio

## Continuing professional development (CPD)

CPD is a requirement of registration in Australia. Every year when you renew your registration, you will be required to sign a declaration stating that you met the Pysiotherapy Board of Australia's CPD requirements in the past 12 months. This portfolio provides one example of how to record your professional development plan and activities. All your CPD, including that not directly related to your goals, should be recorded. A minimum of 20 hours of CPD is required annually.

### Reflection and impact on practice

Reflection and reflective practice is considered an important component of professional competence. Reflective practice includes the planning of professional development, goal setting and reflection on possible changes to practice as a result of learning.

Name	Pete Therapist
Registration period	30 November 2016 – 30 November 2017
Relationship of professional development plan to current or future chosen scope of practice	Planning to rotate into a senior position in Burns and ICU in next year.

## Development plan

Goals	Outcomes
Aim to work in ICU	Competent to work unsupervised, nights and weekend shifts
Improve cardiopulmonary skills	Confident in management of broad range of acute cases
Improve burns skills	Confident to make and adjust splinting and manage severe burns cases



## Formal learning activities

Date	Activity	Time	Provider	Reflection
12-16/8/12	Orientation to ICU and Burns Unit	5 days	Senior staff ICU and Burns, Australia's Best Hospital (ABH)	Useful to understand the key personnel, processes and equipment in this area of practice.  Will need to read/review relevant clinical practice protocols/guidelines for procedures and equipment (e.g.: ventilators, manual hyperinflation, discharge criteria, wax baths) I will need more practice with suction techniques under supervision To approach senior ICU physiotherapist to arrange regular times to observe, practice techniques and obtain feedback.
30/10/12	Splinting in-service	2 hours	Burns Senior ABH	Learnt valuable skills in handling thermoplastic splinting materials and opportunity to practise basic techniques for fabrication of common splints used in UICU/Burns. Confident with leg splints, but will need more practice with hands. To approach senior hand physiotherapist to arrange regular times to observe, practice techniques and obtain feedback.
7/11/12	Exercise Tolerance in Oxygen Dependency lecture	1 hour	WA Cardiopulmonary Group	Good overview and refresher on the relevant considerations required for these patients. Will use portable oxymeter to mobilise patients when appropriate. PowerPoint presentation and reference list provided are useful resources to review as I move into this area of practice.
5-8/4/12	National Physiotherapy Conference	4 days	APA	Useful discussion with other therapists working in ICU. Gained contact details of several more experienced colleagues to liaise with in future regarding service and practice issues (e.g.: early mobilisation of patients in ICU, streamlining services with community providers). I will also join chat room to discuss interesting cases on a regular basis.



## Non-formal and incidental activities

Date	Activity	Time	Provider	Reflection
12-16/8/16	Reviewed ICU and Burns Unit treatment protocols and related articles.	6 hours	ABH Physiotherapy Dept	Lots to learn. Need more information about wound healing.
September	Suctioned under supervision all cases	10 mins x 24	Experienced staff members	Competent and independent to practise
3/11/16 and 10/11/16	Attend plastics clinic to practise hand splinting	2 hours	Burns Senior	Hand splinting much improved. Confident with plaster saw.
1/12/2016	Read article: "Improved clinical outcomes following daily use of the Flutter."	30 mins	Swiss Journal of Respiratory Physiotherapy	Maybe a useful additional tool but evidence not strong enough to use routinely.

